

# PENSIONERS' CO-ORDINATOR

Organ of the Co-ordination Committee  
of

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT PENSIONERS ASSOCIATIONS,  
CHANDIGARH



*'For the Elders,  
By the Elders'*

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## Pensioners demand more wellness centres in tricity

TRIBUNE NEWS SERVICE

MOHALI, DECEMBER 18

"The main concern of the aged and elderly persons under present conditions is the need for proper health services and the need of hour is to improve the infrastructure and other facilities in this direction," said PS Bedi, DIG (retd), BSF and office-bearer of Coordination Committee of Central Government Pensioners' Associations, Chandigarh in a function to mark Pensioners' Day at Fortis Hospital at Phase IX today.

In his address, Bedi said the pensioners need three main assurances: financial security, health care and social security. He added as per an estimate, there are over two crore pensioners in the country, who require quality preventive and curative healthcare within easy reach and without any hazards.

"The pensioners are facing some acute problems in rela-



Members of the Coordination Committee of Central Government Pensioners' Associations, Chandigarh, celebrate Pensioners' Day at Fortis Hospital in Mohali on Wednesday. PHOTO: WCKY

tion to healthcare in tricity.

"There is only one CGHS Wellness Centre (WC) located on a portion of Civil Hospital in Chandigarh, which caters for large number of CGHS beneficiaries, which include serving employees of Central Government and pensioners settled in the tricity. There is need to improve the infrastructure and other facilities at the centre for ensuring

quality healthcare to the beneficiaries," said Bedi.

MS Tbor, a former official of CRPE, demanded for allotment of earmarked plot to the CGHS for the establishment of a CGHS Wellness Centre (Dispensary) for elderly persons and pensioners, who continue to suffer congestion and overcrowding at the existing location of the wellness centre.

**Chandigarh Tribune**

Thu, 19 December 2019

<https://epaper.tribuneindia.com/c/47>



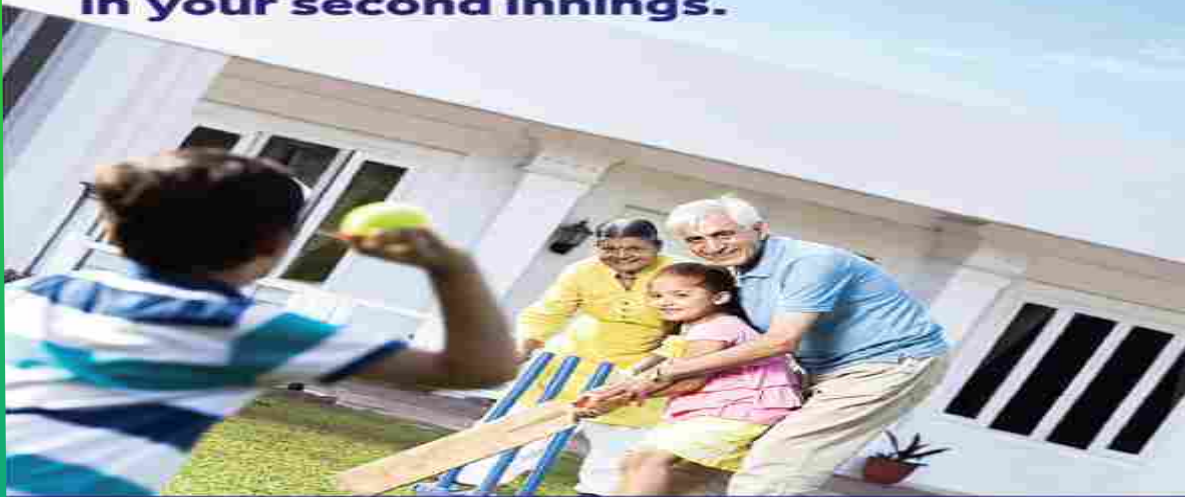
cccgpa website has been activated & changed to [www.cccgpa.com](http://www.cccgpa.com)

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**Revision of pension of Pre-2006 pensioners who retired from the 5th CPC scale of Rs. 6500-10500/- or equivalent pay scale in the earlier Pay Commission periods w.e.f. 1.1.2006**

No. 38/33/12-P&PW (A)  
Government of India  
Ministry of Personnel, PG & Pensions  
Department of Pension & Pensioners' Welfare

3rd Floor, Lok Nayak Bhawan  
Khan Market, New Delhi-110 003  
Dated the 9th July, 2019

**Office Memorandum**

**Sub: - Revision of pension w.e.f. 1.1.2006 of Pre-2006 pensioners who retired from the 5th CPC scale of Rs. 6500-10500/- or equivalent pay scale in the earlier Pay Commission periods.**

Instructions have been issued vide this Department's OM of even number dated 4.1.2019 that for the purpose of revision of pension/family pension w.e.f. 1.1.2006 under para 4.2 of the O.M. dated 1.9.2008, the Grade Pay of Rs. 4600/- may be considered as the corresponding Grade pay in the case of pre-2006 pensioners who retired/died in the 5th CPC scale of Rs. 6500-10500/- or equivalent pay scale in the earlier Pay Commission periods. It was also provided that the revised pension w.c.f. 1,1.2006 in terms of para 4.2 of OM dated 1.9.2008, for the pre-2006 pensioners who retired from the pay scale of Rs, 6500-10500/- in the 5 th CPC or equivalent pay scales in the earlier Pay Commissions would be Rs. 8345/-. The entries at serial number 13 in the annexure of this Department's OM No. 38/37/08- P&PW(A) dated 28.1.2013 were also revised accordingly.

2. This Department has issued concordance tables for revision of pension, w.e.f. 1.1.2016, of pre-2016 pensioners by notional fixation of pay in the 7th CPC vide this Departments OM dated 6.7.2017, Tables No.24 & 25 in these concordance tables indicated the revised pension/family pension based on the corresponding 6th CPC grade pay of Rs. 4200/- in respect of pre-2006 pensioners/family pensioners who retired/died in the 5th CPC scale of 6500-10500/- or equivalent pay scale in the earlier Pay Commission periods. Consequent on the decision to consider the Grade Pay of Rs. 4600/- as the corresponding Grade pay in the case of pre-2006 pensioners who retired/died in the 5th CPC scale of Rs. 6500-10500/- or equivalent pay scale in the earlier Pay Commission periods and based on the fitment tables provided by Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure), Tables No.24 & 25 have been revised. Accordingly, revised concordance Tables No.24 & 25 are enclosed herewith.

3. All the Ministries/Departments are requested to revise pension/family pension w.e.f. 01.2016 in respect of pre-2006 pensioner family pensioners who retired/died in the 5th CPC scale of Rs. 6500-10500/- or equivalent pay scale in the earlier Pay Commission periods using the concordance tables enclosed herewith, The other provisions/instructions for revision of pension of pre-2016 pensioners, as contained in this Department's OM of even number dated 12.5.2017 and 6.7.2017 will remain unchanged.

4. This issues with the approval of Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure) vide their OM No. 30-1/33(c)/2016-1.C./E.III,A dated 28.6.2019.

5. Hindi version will follow.  
(Ruchir Mittal)  
Deputy Secretary

**Table No.24 (Revised)**

Scale of pay/Pay in the Pay Band & Grade Pay at the time of retirement

From 01.01.1986 to 31.12.1995	2000-60-2300-75-3200
From 01.01.1996 to 31.12.2005	6500-200-10500
From 01.01.2006 to 31.12.2015	9300-34800 GP 4600
Corresponding level w.e.f. 1.1.2016	Level-7 (44900-142400)

Basic Pay From 01.01.1986 to 31.12.1995	Basic Pay From 01.01.1996 to 31.12.2005	Basic Pay From 01.01.2006 to 31.12.2015	Pay range for		Notional Pay as on 01.01.2016	Revised Pension /Enhanced Family pension (if applicable) w.e.f. 1.1.2016	Revised Family pension w.e.f. 1.1.2016
			Minimum	Maximum			
2000	6500	16690	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2060	6500	16690	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2120	6500	16690	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2180	6700	17070	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2240	6900	17440	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2300	7100	17810	17480	17970	46200	23100	13860
2375	7300	18180	17980	18520	47600	23800	14280
2450	7500	18550	18530	19060	49000	24500	14700
2525	7700	18930	18530	19060	49000	24500	14700
2600	7900	19300	19070	19640	50500	25250	15150
2675	8100	19670	19650	20230	52000	26000	15600
2750	8300	20040	19650	20230	52000	26000	15600
	8500	20410	20240	20850	53600	26800	16080
2825	8700	20790	20240	20850	53600	26800	16080
2900	8900	21160	20860	21470	55200	27600	16560
2975	9100	21530	21480	22140	56900	28450	17070
3050	9300	21900	21480	22140	56900	28450	17070
3125	9500	22270	22150	22800	58600	29300	17580
3200	9700	22650	22150	22800	58600	29300	17580
3275	9900	23020	22810	23500	60400	30200	18120
3350	10100	23390	22810	23500	60400	30200	18120
	10300	23760	23510	24200	62200	31100	18660
3425	10500	24130	23510	24200	62200	31100	18660
	10700	24510	24210	24940	64100	32050	19230
	10900	24880	24210	24940	64100	32050	19230
	11100	25250	24950	25680	66000	33000	19800
			25690	26450	68000	34000	20400
			26460	27230	70000	35000	21000
			27240	28050	72100	36050	21630
			28060	28910	74300	37150	22290
			28920	29760	76500	38250	22950
			29770	30660	78800	39400	23640
			30670	31590	81200	40600	24360
			31600	32520	83600	41800	25080
			32530	33500	86100	43050	25830
			33510	34510	88700	44350	26610
			34520	35560	91400	45700	27420
			35570	36610	94100	47050	28230
			36620	37700	96900	48450	29070
			37710	38830	99800	49900	29940
			38840	40000	102800	51400	30840
			40010	41200	105900	52950	31770
			41210	42450	109100	54550	32730
			42460	43730	112400	56200	33720
			43740	45050	115800	57900	34740
			45060	46420	119300	59650	35790
			46430	47820	122900	61450	36870
			47830	49260	126600	63300	37980
			49270	50730	130400	65200	39120
			50740	52250	134300	67150	40290
			52260	53810	138300	69150	41490
			53820	55400	142400	71200	42720

**Table No.25 (Revised)**

Scale of pay/Pay in the Pay Band & Grade Pay at the time of retirement

From 01.01.1986 to 31.12.1995	2000-60 2300-75-3200-100 3500
From 01.01.1996 to 31.12.2005	6500-200-10500
From 01.01.2006 to 31.12.2015	9300-34800 GP 4600
Corresponding level w.e.f. 1.1.2016	Level-7 (44900-142400)

Basic Pay From 01.01.1986 to 31.12.1995	Basic Pay From 01.01.1996 to 31.12.2005	Basic Pay From 01.01.2006 to 31.12.2015	Pay range for pensioners retired during 1.1.2006 to 31.12.2015		Notional Pay as on 01.01.2016	Revised Pension /Enhanced Family pension (if applicable) w.e.f. 1.1.2016	Revised Family pension w.e.f. 1.1.2016
			Minimum	Maximum			
2000	6500	16690	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2060	6500	16690	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2120	6500	16690	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2180	6700	17070	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2240	6900	17440	-	17470	44900	22450	13470
2300	7100	17810	17480	17970	46200	23100	13860
2375	7300	18180	17980	18520	47600	23800	14280
2450	7500	18550	18530	19060	49000	24500	14700
2525	7700	18930	18530	19060	49000	24500	14700
2600	7900	19300	19070	19640	50500	25250	15150
2675	8100	19670	19650	20230	52000	26000	15600
2750	8300	20040	19650	20230	52000	26000	15600
	8500	20410	20240	20850	53600	26800	16080
2825	8700	20790	20240	20850	53600	26800	16080
2900	8900	21160	20860	21470	55200	27600	16560
2975	9100	21530	21480	22140	56900	28450	17070
3050	9300	21900	21480	22140	56900	28450	17070
3125	9500	22270	22150	22800	58600	29300	17580
3200	9700	22650	22150	22800	58600	29300	17580
	9900	23020	22810	23500	60400	30200	18120
3300	10100	23390	22810	23500	60400	30200	18120
3400	10300	23760	23510	24200	62200	31100	18660
3500	10500	24130	23510	24200	62200	31100	18660
3600	10500	24130	23510	24200	62200	31100	18660
3700	10500	24130	23510	24200	62200	31100	18660
3800	10500	24130	23510	24200	62200	31100	18660
	10700	24510	24210	24940	64100	32050	19230
	10900	24880	24210	24940	64100	32050	19230
	11100	25250	24950	25680	66000	33000	19800
			25690	26450	68000	34000	20400
			26460	27230	70000	35000	21000
			27240	28050	72100	36050	21630
			28060	28910	74300	37150	22290
			28920	29760	76500	38250	22950
			29770	30660	78800	39400	23640
			30670	31590	81200	40600	24360
			31600	32520	83600	41800	25080
			32530	33500	86100	43050	25830
			33510	34510	88700	44350	26610
			34520	35560	91400	45700	27420
			35570	36610	94100	47050	28230
			36620	37700	96900	48450	29070
			37710	38830	99800	49900	29940
			38840	40000	102800	51400	30840
			40010	41200	105900	52950	31770
			41210	42450	109100	54550	32730
			42460	43730	112400	56200	33720
			43740	45050	115800	57900	34740
			45060	46420	119300	59650	35790
			46430	47820	122900	61450	36870
			47830	49260	126600	63300	37980
			49270	50730	130400	65200	39120
			50740	52250	134300	67150	40290
			52260	53810	138300	69150	41490
			53820	55400	142400	71200	42720

[Accessed on 16/12/2019 from <https://www.gconnect.in/orders-in-brief/pension/pension-revision-pre-2006-pensioners-retired-5th-cpc-scale.html>]

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**Simplification of procedure for treatment at private hospitals empanelled under CGHS /CS (MA) Rules, 1944**

**Z 15025/105/2017/DIR/CGHS/EHS**

**Government of India**

**Ministry of Health & Family Welfare**

**Department of Health & Family Welfare EHS Section**

Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi

Dated the 9th November, 2017

**OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

**Sub: Simplification of procedure for treatment at private hospitals empanelled under CGHS/CS (MA) Rules, 1944**

With reference to the above mentioned subject the undersigned is directed to state that this Ministry has been receiving representations for simplification of procedure for undergoing treatment at private hospitals empanelled under Central Government Health Scheme. The matter has been examined and it has now been decided that CGHS beneficiaries are allowed to undergo treatment at private hospitals empanelled under CGHS of specific treatment procedures listed under CGHS rate list are advised by a Specialist in a Central Government / State Govt. Specialist hospital or a Central Government Health Scheme Medical Officer without any requirement of any other referral (permission) letter.

2. Private empanelled hospitals shall perform the treatment on cashless basis in respect of pensioners, ex-MPs, Freedom Fighters, Regular employees {both Central Government Health Scheme and CS (MA) beneficiaries} of this Ministry & other categories of Central Government Health Scheme beneficiaries, who are presently eligible for credit facility and shall enclose the prescription issued by Government Specialist or a Central Government Health Scheme Medical Officer, in original (or a self-attested photocopy) along with the hospital bill submitted to the competent authorities.

3. Serving government employees shall enclose the prescription issued by a Government Specialist or a CGHS Medical Officer in original (or a self-attested photocopy), while submitting the medical claim to the concerned Ministry /department/office for reimbursement.

4. CGHS Medical Officer / Government Specialist shall not refer the beneficiaries to any particular empanelled hospital by name but, shall specify the treatment procedure and mention 'referred to any Central Government Health Scheme empanelled centre'.

5. These orders are applicable only in respect of treatment procedures for which CGHS rates are available.

6. This issue with the concurrence of IFD vide FTS No. 3130849, dated 09.11.2017./d,

S

[Sunil Kumar Gupta]

Under Secretary to Government of India

Tel- 011-2306 1986

[Accessed on 14/12/2019 from <https://www.gconnect.in/orders-in-brief/cghs/simplification-procedure-treatment-private-hospitals-empanelled-cghs-cs-ma-rules1944.html>]

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**CGHS Referral System Simplified for taking treatment at Private hospital**

The Procedure for getting referral from wellness centres to undertake treatment at CGHS empanelled Private Hospitals simplified now. All CGHS beneficiaries (in all CGHS Cities) shall be permitted for seeking OPD consultation from Specialists at Private hospitals empanelled under CGHS after being referred by any Medical Officer/CMO of CGHS Wellness Centre

**Z 15025/117/2017/DIR/CGHS/ EHS**

**Government of India**

**Ministry of Health & Family Welfare**

**Department of Health & Family Welfare**

**EHS Section**

**Nov.-Dec. 2019**

Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi  
Dated the 15th January, 2018

**OFFICE MEMORANDUM****Sub: Simplification of referral system under CGHS**

With reference to the above mentioned subject the undersigned is directed to state that this Ministry has been receiving representations for simplification of procedure for CGHS beneficiaries to undertake treatment at private hospitals empanelled under CGHS. The guidelines issued earlier on referral/ permission under Office Memoranda No S 11011/6/96 -CGHS (P) dt. 11/6/97 and 02/09/99, S-12020/4/97 -CGHS (P) dt. 07/04/1999. S 1101 I/I/200-CGHS (P) dt. 10/04/2001 and RA/Cons/Hyd/09-10/CGHS-IV, dated 11/06/2010 and Z.15025/105/2017/ DIR/CGHS dt. 09/11/2017 has been reviewed and it has now been decided to revise the guidelines for consultation and treatment at CGHS empanelled private hospitals as per the details given under:

i) All CGHS beneficiaries (in all CGHS Cities) shall be permitted for seeking OPD consultation from Specialists at Private hospitals empanelled under CGHS after being referred by any Medical Officer/CMO of CGHS Wellness Centre. The referral may be mentioned on the computer generated Prescription slip. After consultation at empanelled hospitals beneficiary shall report back to concerned wellness centre, where MO/CMO would endorse listed investigation and issue medicines as per guidelines mentioned below. For unlisted investigation/treatment procedure CMO Incharge shall submit the prescription to competent authority for consideration in case of pensioner beneficiaries. Serving employees shall seek permission for unlisted investigation/treatment procedure from their department as per prevailing guidelines.

ii) The medicines prescribed by specialists shall be supplied by CGHS as per the available generic name at the CGHS Wellness Centre. In case the medicine prescribed by the Specialist is available by an alternative brand name having the same composition, it shall be supplied by the brand name available at CGHS Wellness Centre.

If, the medicine prescribed by the Specialist is not available at CGHS Wellness Centre either by generic name or alternate brand name, it shall be indented by the same brand name through Authorized Local Chemist.

iii) With reference to **OM Z.15025/105/2017/DIR/CGHS dated 09/11/2017**, it is clarified that the validity of the advice of Central Government /State Government Specialist / CGHS Medical officer for listed treatment procedures shall be treated as valid for three months unless mentioned otherwise and no other referral (permission) letter is required to undergo, the treatment procedure at any of the empanelled Hospitals. It is also clarified that once a specific treatment procedure (listed) has been advised by a Specialist of Central Government /State Government or a CGHS Medical officer, it is the option of CGHS beneficiary to undergo at any of the CGHS empanelled hospitals of his/her choice and it is not compulsory that Specialist /CGHS Medical officer shall refer the beneficiary for treatment to any CGHS recognized hospitals.

iv) In case of Haemo-Dialysis, the advice for treatment can be made upto six months and in such cases the advice shall be valid for upto six months.

v) In case of Radio-therapy / Chemotherapy advised by a Government Specialist the advice shall be valid for all the cycles of Radio-therapy/Chemotherapy. The specialist has to specify the specific Radio-therapy procedure. Self-attested (by beneficiary) photo-copies of the permission letter is required to be submitted.

vi) In case of post-operative follow up treatment in six conditions as specified in OM dated 10.04.2001, permission for follow-up treatment shall be required from competent authority.

vii) In case of non-listed investigations / treatment procedures permission from competent authority is required to be obtained.

2. This issues with the approval of competent authority in supersession of earlier guidelines.

[Dharminder Singh]  
Under Secretary to Government of India  
Tel- 011-23062666

[Accessed on 16.11.2019 from <https://www.gservants.com/2018/01/18/cghs-referral-system-simplified-for-taking-treatment-at-private-hospital/18821/>]

**Simplification of referral system under CGHS  
Z 15025/117/2017/DIR/CGHS/EHSc  
Government of India  
Ministry of Health & Family Welfare  
Department of Health & Family Welfare  
EHS Section**

Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi  
Dated the 10th December, 2018

**OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

**Sub: Revision of guidelines regarding simplification of referral system under CGHS**

With reference to the above mentioned subject the undersigned is directed to state that this Ministry has been receiving representations for simplification of procedure for undergoing treatment/investigations at private hospitals empanelled under CGHS. In this regard attention is drawn to the guidelines issued under Office Memoranda No. Z.15025/117/2017/DIR/CGHS/EHS, dated 15.01.2018 and S. 1045/40/2012/CGHS/HEC/CGHS (P), dated 22.02.2013 and to state that the matter has been reviewed by this Ministry and it has now been decided to revise the guidelines for consultation and treatment at CGHS empanelled private hospitals as per the details given under:-

- i) Referral from CGHS Medical Officer/CGHS Specialist for consultation with Specialists at Private Hospitals empanelled under CGHS shall be valid for 30 days in the same hospital.
- ii) Referral shall be valid for consultations up to 3 times in the same hospital within 30 days.
- iii) Similarly referral shall be valid for consultation with a maximum of 3 different Specialists, if required during a single visit.
- iv) Advice of the CGHS Medical Officer/CGHS Specialist for listed investigations shall be valid for a period of 30 days.
- v) Advice of the CGHS Medical Officer/CGHS Specialist for listed treatment procedure shall be valid for a period of 3 months.
- vi) if any listed investigation advised by Specialist of empanelled hospital is required urgently as a medical emergency and certified as such, may be undertaken at the same hospital.
- vii) Hospitals are empanelled under CGHS for the Specialists available and not by the name of Specialists.
- viii) The Referral of CGHS Medical Officer/Specialists may be issued through Computers or even manually with proper stamp of referring doctor.  
The other terms and conditions as prescribed on the above referred OMs shall remain unchanged.

[Rajeev Attrij]  
Under Secretary to Government of India  
Tel- 011-2306 1883

[Accessed on 16.11.2019 from <https://www.gservants.com/2018/12/14/simplification-of-referral-system-under-cghs/21426/>]



**Marking of PPO number in the bank passbook of Pensioners/Family Pensioners – CPAO**

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF FINANCE  
DEPARTMENT OF EXPENDITURE  
CENTRAL PENSION ACCOUNTING OFFICE  
TRIKOOT-II, BHIKAJI CAMA PLACE,**

NEW DELHI-110066

CPAO/IT&amp;Tech/Bank Performance/37 (Vol-III)A/2019/18

23.04.2019

**OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

**Subject: - Regarding marking of PPO number in the bank passbook of Pensioners/Family Pensioners.**

Attention is invited to this office OM No. CPAO/Tech/ Clarification / P&PW/20 14-15/426-497 dated-17.09.2014 wherein it was advised to the banks to record the PPO number in the passbook of the pensioners. This office is still receiving complaints from the pensioners that their PPO number is not being recorded by the banks in their passbook leading to problems like transfer of pension account from one bank/branch to another bank/branch, delay in commencement of family pension etc.

Therefore, Heads of all CPPCs and Govt. Business Departments are once again requested to instruct all their bank branches dealing with the pension payments to record the PPO number in all the passbooks of the pensioners/ family pensioners issued by them.

This issues with the approval of Chief Controller (Pension).

Sd/-

(Praful Dabral)

Sr. Accounts Officer (IT &amp; Tech)

[Accessed on 29-11-2019 from

[http://www.circular.gconnect.in/viewpdf?pdfpath=http://www.circular.gconnect.in/download/pension/cpao\\_it\\_tech\\_bank\\_P\\_2019.pdf&anchor=Marking%20of%20PPO%20number%20in%20the%20bank%20passbook%20of%20Pensioners/Family%20Pensioners](http://www.circular.gconnect.in/viewpdf?pdfpath=http://www.circular.gconnect.in/download/pension/cpao_it_tech_bank_P_2019.pdf&anchor=Marking%20of%20PPO%20number%20in%20the%20bank%20passbook%20of%20Pensioners/Family%20Pensioners)

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**OPD Consultation from Specialists at CGHS empanelled hospitals in respect of CGHS beneficiaries aged 75 years and above  
Z 15025/35/2019/DIR/CGHS/CGHS (P)  
Government of India Ministry of Health & Family Welfare  
Department of Health & Family Welfare**

Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi

Dated the 29th May, 2019.

**Sub: Consultation from Specialists at CGHS empanelled hospitals in respect of CGHS beneficiaries aged 75 years and above -Regarding**

With reference to the above mentioned subject the undersigned is directed to state that the matter related to relaxation of consultation norms in respect of elderly CGHS beneficiaries was under consideration of this Ministry and it has now been decided that hereinafter, CGHS beneficiaries aged 75 years and above shall be permitted to seek direct OPD Consultation from Specialists of private hospitals empanelled under CGHS without referral from CGHS Wellness Centre.

2. If any investigations / procedures are advised and are required in emergency, no other authorization is required and the same may be undertaken. However, in non-emergency conditions approval of competent authority is required if any non-listed investigations/procedures are advised. Medicines prescribed are to be procured from CGHS Wellness Centre.

3. Private hospitals empanelled under CGHS shall provide such facilities on cashless basis at CGHS rates to pensioners, ex-MPs, Members of Parliament and such other Categories of CGHS beneficiaries, who are eligible for treatment /investigations on credit basis. More than 75 year old dependents of serving CGHS beneficiaries, who are otherwise not eligible for Cashless treatment shall claim the reimbursement from concerned Ministry/Department. Beneficiaries of Autonomous Bodies /Statutory Bodies covered under CGHS shall claim reimbursement from the respective organization.

4. These orders are in supersession of the earlier guidelines on the subject.

Sd/  
Dr. Manoj Jain  
Addl. DDG(HQ)CGHS

[<https://www.gconnect.in/orders-in-brief/cghs/consultation-specialists-cghs-empanelled-hospitals.html>]  
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**DO No. 12(20)/2019-P&PW(C) - E.5915 Dated 31 May, 2019 from Sh. Sanjiv Narain Marhur, Joint Secretary, Government of India, Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensioners. Department of Pension & Pensioner's Welfare Lok Nayak Bhawan, Khan Market, New Delhi-110003 Addressed to All Pensioner Associations (as per list attached)**

As you are already aware the pensioners can lodge their grievance on the Centralised Pension Grievance Redress and Monitoring System (CPENGRAMS) of Department of Pension and Pensioners' Welfare. Besides this, pensioners can also send their grievance either through post or by E-mail to this Department, details of which are uploaded into the CPENGRAMS. Every grievance number, E-mail/SMS alert is sent to the complainant, and thereafter the grievance is forwarded to the concerned Ministry/Department/Organisation for redressal.

2. However, in the recent, it has been observed that there is a certain category of pensioners / family pensioners especially those who are very old and not so techno savvy cannot lodge their grievance in CPENGRAMS. Hence a need has been felt to cater to the requirement of such category of pensioners/ family pensioners. Accordingly, Department of Pension & Pensioners' Welfare has started a Call Centre with a Toll Free Number 1800-11-1960. The pensioners can now lodge their grievance by calling on this Toll Free Number during the office hours. All the Pensioners Associations are requested to give wide publicity to this Toll Free Number.

[Accessed on 02-12-2019 from [https://www.dgde.gov.in/sites/default/files/administration/DO\\_No\\_12-20--\\_2019-P---PW--C--\\_E5915\\_\\_Dt31052019\\_EN.pdf](https://www.dgde.gov.in/sites/default/files/administration/DO_No_12-20--_2019-P---PW--C--_E5915__Dt31052019_EN.pdf)]

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**Clarification regarding Consultation from Specialists at CGHS empanelled hospitals in respect of CGHS beneficiaries aged 75 years and above  
Z 15025/35/2019/DIR/CGHS/ CGHS (P)  
Government of India  
Ministry of Health & Family Welfare  
Department of Health & Family Welfare**

Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi  
Dated the 27th June, 2019.

**Subject: Clarification regarding Consultation from Specialists at CGHS empanelled hospitals in respect of CGHS beneficiaries aged 75 years and above.**

With reference to the above mentioned subject the undersigned is directed to draw attention to Office memorandum of even number dated 29.05.2009 and to state that with a view to facilitate ease of availing direct consultation facility, it has now been decided that while availing direct consultation from specialists of empanelled hospitals, the CGHS beneficiaries shall fill up the form provided at the Reception by the empanelled hospitals mentioning the Specialist (Specialty) he/she seeking consultation.

In case of pensioner CGHS beneficiaries aged 75 years and above , the hospitals shall enclose the form

and submit along with the hospital bill to CGHS. The format for the same is enclosed herewith.

Encl. as above.

(Dr. Atul Prakash )  
Director, CGHS

**FORMAT**  
**FORM FOR DIRECT CONSULTATION BY CGHS BENEFICIARIES AGED 75 Yrs & ABOVE**

To

The Medical Superintendent,  
\_\_\_\_\_

Subject: Direct OPD Consultation \_\_\_\_\_ (Speciality) for CGHS Beneficiary aged 75 years and above.

Letter Ref. No. OM Z 15025/35/2019/DIR/CGHS(P) Dated 29-05-2019

Respected Sir/Madam, I am \_\_\_\_\_ years old CGHS beneficiary (Name)  
\_\_\_\_\_ CGHS Beneficiary No. \_\_\_\_\_, City \_\_\_\_\_

I am patient of (disease) \_\_\_\_\_ and want OPD consultation of  
(Specility) \_\_\_\_\_

Beneficiary's Signatures

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**Regarding guidelines & documents to Issue of OPD Medicines for upto six months to the  
CGHS beneficiaries going abroad**

**No. 1-40/2019-CGHS/C&P /DIR/CGHS**  
**Government of India Ministry of Health and Family Welfare**  
**Department of Health & Family Welfare**  
**Directorate General of CGHS**

**Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi 110 011**  
**Dated the 19th August, 2019**

**OFFICE ORDER**

**Subject: – Issue of OPD Medicines for CGHS beneficiaries going abroad**

With reference to the above subject the undersigned is directed to draw attention to Circular No 4-20/2003-C&P Section dated the 28th April , 2005 vide which guidelines were issued for supply of OPD Medicines for upto '6' months to CGHS beneficiaries , who are going to stay abroad and to state that the matter has been reviewed by this Ministry and it is now decided in modification of the earlier guidelines that hereinafter, Chief Medical Officer I/C of concerned CGHS Wellness Centre is empowered for issue of OPD medicines for upto six months to the CGHS beneficiaries visiting abroad, subject to submission of the following documents:

- (a) Copy of valid CGHS Card.
- (b) Valid prescription for six months.
- (c) Documentary Proof of going abroad like ticket, visa etc.

(Dr. Atul Prakash)  
Director, CGHS

[Accessed on 16.11.2019 from <https://www.gconnect.in/orders-in-brief/cghs/issue-opd-medicines-cghs-beneficiaries-abroad.html>]

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**CGHS : Refusal to provide treatment to bonafide CGHS beneficiaries in emergency on credit basis would attract disqualification for continuation of empanelment – MoH&FW's OM dated 13.09.2019**

**No. S.11011/29/2019-EHS  
Government of India  
Ministry of Health & Family Welfare  
Department of Health & Family Welfare**

Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi – 110 108  
Dated: the 13th September, 2019

**OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

**Subject: Emergency treatment in CGHS empanelled Hospitals.**

The extant instructions under CGHS provide that under emergency conditions, a CGHS beneficiary can get admission in any CGHS empanelled Hospital without any prior permission. It has, however, been brought to the notice that the Hospitals deny admission or insist on referral memo from CGHS Wellness Centre even in emergency conditions.

2. In accordance with the Memorandum of Agreement between the CGHS empanelled Hospital and the Government of India, refusal to provide treatment to bonafide CGHS beneficiaries in emergency cases and other eligible categories of beneficiaries on credit basis, without valid ground, would attract disqualification for continuation of empanelment.

3. It is, therefore, reiterated that in emergency the empanelled hospitals will not refuse admission or demand an advance payment from the CGHS beneficiary or his family member and will provide credit facilities to the patient.

sd/-

(Rajeev Attri)

Under Secretary to the Govt. of India

(Tel: 011 – 2306 1883)

[Accessed on 16.11.2019 from <https://www.stafftoday.in/2019/09/cghs-refusal-to-provide-treatment-to-bonafide-cghs-beneficiaries-in-emergency-on-credit-basis-would-attract-disqualification-for-continuation-of-empanelment-mohfws-om-dated-13-09-2019.html/>]  
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**Govt Notified Revised Interest Rate of Public Provident Fund (PPF) from 1.10.2019 – 7.9%**

**The rate of interest for Public Provident Fund (PPF)**

**from 1.10.2019 to 31.12.2019 is 7.90 percent.**

**PPF Interest 7.9% continues...**

The interest rates of Small Savings Schemes, particularly after April 2016, are being notified by the Govt on a quarterly basis. Accordingly, the revised rates of various Small Savings Schemes for the 3rd quarter of the FY 2019-20 from 1.10.2019 to 31.10.2019 will remain unchanged from those notified for the 2nd quarter of the current financial year.

**Annual Interest Rate Chart for Savings Scheme**

Scheme Name (FY 2019-2020)	1st Quarter (Apr to Jun)	2nd Quarter (Jul to Sep)	3rd Quarter (Oct to Dec)
Public Provident Fund Scheme	8.0	7.9	7.9
Sukanya Samriddhi Account Scheme	8.5	8.4	8.4
5 Year National Savings Certificate	8.0	7.9	7.9

[Accessed on 29-11-2019 from <https://7thpaycommissionnews.in/ppf-interest-rate-oct-2019-7-9/>]  
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**Updation of Name, Gender and Date of Birth in Aadhaar – modification of process – UIDAI,**

**Circular dated 14.10.2019**

**P. No. 4(4)/57/159/2016-E&U**

**Government of India**

**Ministry of Electronics & IT**

**Unique Identification Authority of India**

**(Enrolment & Update Division)**

7th Floor, UIDAI Headquarters,

Bangla Shahib Road, Behind Kali Mandir,  
Gale Market, New Delhi-110001  
Dated 14th October, 2019.

Circular

**Sub: Updation of Name Gender and Date of Birth in Aadhaar – modification of process- reg.**

Ref: 1) OM No. 4(4)/57/159/2016-F,86U dated 24.09.2018.  
2) OM No. 4(4)/57/159/2016-E86U dated 07.02.2019.  
3) OM No. 4(4)/57/159/2016-E&U dated 01.04.2019.

Vide Office Memorandums referred above limits on, number of updates in Name, Gender and Date of Birth were prescribed that are in:-

- Name : Twice in Life time
    - Gender : Once in life time
    - Date of Birth: Once in life time subject to condition that present status of DoB is declared/ approximate.
2. The above referred OM at Sr. No. 3 also provides exception handling process for the cases requiring updation of Name, Gender or Date of Birth more than the prescribed limit.
  3. Considering the analysis of exception cases of DoB handled by Regional Offices, it has been decided that update in DoB shall be allowed once in life time irrespective of present status whether the same is verified or declared or approximate.
  4. All other terms and conditions including exception handling process shall remain same.
  5. This issues with the approval of CEO, UIDAI.

Sd/-  
[Ashok Kumar]  
Assistant Director General

{Accessed on 29-11-2019 from <http://www.circular.gconnect.in/download/Updation-of-Aadhaar-Details.jpg>  
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### **F.A.Q for Banks: New Pension Scheme –Additional Relief (NPS- AR) Scheme**

1. How is the PPPO different from a PPO?
  - a. PPPO (Provisional Pension Payment Order) is issued to CPAO for disbursement of additional relief (NPS-AR Scheme) in death/disability cases to Government Employees for their families who joined Government of India Service on 1st January, 2004 onwards and subscribed to New Pension Scheme
  - b. PPPOs are orders for disbursement of defined benefit pension provisionally;
  - c. PPPO has three copies –
    - i. Disburser's Copy (First) retained in CPAO;
    - ii. Pensioner's Copy (Second); and
    - iii. Bank's Copy (Third) for information to the pension account holding branch;
  - d. This pension is paid direct to the account of pensioner by CPAO and not by bank;
  - e. All action for providing service to the pensioner and CPAO is at the Bank branch where the pensioner holds his account; and
  - f. The PPPO No. contains Alphanumeric number (N +11 digits) starting with 'N' whereas PPO is 12 digit numeric code.
2. What is the use of Bank Copy of PPPO?
  - a. Bank Copy of PPPO is to be used only for identification purpose within the Bank branch where the pensioner holds his account (no payment may be made against this copy).
3. How many days are given to the bank to complete the identification of the pensioner?

- a. The bank should communicate the completion of the identification process to CPAO within seven days;
  - b. The Pensioner's portion should be handed over to the pensioner during identification process; and
  - c. The confirmation should be immediately electronically intimated to CPAO at npsdbsexp@nic.in
4. What are the responsibilities of Bank in providing service for facilitating payment of Provisional Pension?
- a. To obtain Life Certificate for the first time as well as annually and other Certificates as mentioned in the Scheme Booklet;
  - b. To obtain undertaking for recovery of excess payment, if any, on account of delay in receipt of any material information or due to any bona-fide error;
  - c. In case of death, family of pensioners/family pensioner will intimate Bank and the same will be communicated to CPAO by Bank; and
  - d. Communicate electronically the receipt of each of the above within a day of receipt to CPAO at npsdbs-exp@nic.in.
  - e. For any clarification required by the bank, they may get in touch with CPAO through email (npsdbs-exp@nic.in) or letter addressed to Senior Accounts Officer (RBD). Central Pension Accounting Office, Trikoot-2, Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi-110 066. Phone No-011-26162083.
- [Accessed on 29-11-2019 from <https://cpao.nic.in/wp-content/themes/innovation-extend/pdf/Banks/F.A.Q.pdf>]  
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**Madras High Court Order – Notional increment/re-fixation of pensionary benefits**  
**F.No.A-23011/36/2013-Ad.IIA**  
**Government of India**  
**Ministry of Finance**  
**Department of Revenue**  
**Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs**

North Block, New Delhi,  
Dated the 18 October, 2019

To,  
All Pr. Chief Commissioners/Chief  
Commissioners / Director General under CBIC,

**Subject: Grant of notional increment / re-fixation of pensionary benefits as per Hon'ble Madras High Court Order in WP No. 15732/2017 in the case of Sh.P.Ayyamperumal – regarding.**

Sir/Madam,

1. I am directed to inform that the Order dated 15.09.2017 of the Hon'ble High passed in the matter of P.Ayyamperumal's case (WP No.15732/ 2017) is ***in personam and not in rem***. Therefore, the CBIC has implemented the High Court's order in personam after dismissal of review petition filed in the Supreme Court, for petitioner only which would not be quoted as precedent in future.

2. A number of cases on the similar grounds are pending at various fora, and similar demands from other similarly placed officers could also arise after Hon'ble Supreme Court's Order dated 08.08.2019 in R.P.(C) No.1731/2019. Keeping this in mind, a request was made to DoPT seeking their opinion about the future course of action to be taken in case pertaining to similarly placed applicants and non-applicants.

3. DoPT has now informed that Deptt. Of Legal Affairs have observed:

*"It is very clear that the judgment of Hon'ble High Court of Madras passed in the matter of S. P. Ayyamperumal is in personam and not in rem"*

4. Based on the above DoPT has informed that in so far as other similar cases are concerned, the same may be defended on the following grounds:

4.1 In so far as P. Ayyamperumal case is concerned, it is stated that the judgment of Hon'ble High Court of Madras is in personam.

4.2 Further, the case of Sh. M Balasubramaniam referred by Hon'ble High Court in it's judgment in P. Ayyamperumal case is related to Fundamental Rules of Tamil Nadu Government whereas P. Ayyamperumal case relates to Central Government Rules.

4.3. It is relevant to mention here that in a similar matter, Hon'ble High Court of Andhra Pradesh at Hyderabad in year 2005, in C. Subbarao case, has inter-alia observed as under:

*In support of the above observations, the Division Bench also placed reliance on Banerjee case (supra). We are afraid, the Division Bench was not correct in coming to the conclusion that being a reward for unblemished past service, Government servant retiring on the last day of the month would also be entitled for increment even after such increment is due after retirement. We have already made reference to all Rules governing the situation. There is no warrant to come to such conclusion. Increment is given (See Article 43 of CS Regulations) as a periodical rise to a Government employee for the good behavior in the service. Such increment is possible only when the appointment is "Progressive Appointment" and it is not a universal rule. Further, as per Rule 14 of the Pension Rules, a person is entitled for pay, increment and other allowances only when he is entitled to receive pay from out of Consolidated Fund of India and continues to be in Government service. A person who retires on the last working day would not be entitled for any increment falling due on the next day and payable next day thereafter (See Article 151 of CS Regulations), because he would not answer the tests in these Rules. Reliance placed on Banerjee case (supra) is also in our considered opinion not correct because, as observed by us, Banerjee case (supra) does not deal with increment, but deals with enhancement of DA by the Central Government to pensioners. Therefore, we are not able to accept the view taken by the Division Bench. We accordingly overrule the judgment in Malakondaiah case (supra).*

4.4 In addition, subsequent to the judgment of Hon'ble High Court of Madras in P. Ayyamperumal's case, Hon'ble CAT Madras Bench vide its orders dated 19.03.2019 in O.A. No. 310/00309/ 2019 and O.A. No. 310/00312/ 2019 and Order dated 27.03.2019 in O.A. No. 310/00026/ 2019 has also dismissed the similar requests related with notional increment for pensionary benefits.

5. Accordingly, it is requested that all the pending / future court cases on the similar issue should be defended/ dealt with adequately on the above lines.

Yours faithfully,  
sd/-

(A.K. Mishra)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

[Accessed on 02.12.2019 from <http://www.dopt.in/madras-high-court-order-notional-increment-of-pensionary-benefits/>]

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Supreme Court of India  
Union of India vs Shri Harananda on 18 October, 2019  
Author: M.R. Shah  
Bench: Hon'ble Ms. Banerjee, M.R. Shah

**NONREPORTABLE**  
**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA**  
**CIVIL APPELLATE JURISDICTION M.A. NO.712/2019 IN CIVIL APPEAL NO.1474/2019**

Union of India and others ...Appellants

Versus

Sri Harananda and others ...Respondents

In the matter of:  
Sunil Kumar Singh ...Applicant

WITH  
M.A. NO.774/2019 IN S.L.P. ...CC NO.5738/2016

ORDER

M.R. SHAH, J.

M.A. NO.712/2019 IN CIVIL APPEAL NO.1474/2019 M.A. No. 712 of 2019 in Civil Appeal No. 1474 of 2019 has been preferred at the behest of the Ministry of Home Affairs, Union of India, for the following reliefs:

“allow the present application seeking modification of the order dated 05.02.2019 in Civil Appeal No. 1474 of 2019 arising out of S.L.P.(Civil) No. 12393 of 2013 and other related Appeals to the effect that the reference to SLP 12393/2013 as reflected in the third line from top of para 26 shall be read after correction as SLP 35548-35554 of 2015 and thereafter wherever the mention has been made to RPF, the same shall be read as CAPFs under the Ministry of Home Affairs.”

2. Having heard the learned counsel for the respective parties, the prayer is allowed. Necessary corrections be made, as prayed.

3. M.A. No. 712 of 2019 stands allowed accordingly. M.A. NO.774/2019 IN S.L.P. ...CC NO.5738/2016 M.A. No. 774 of 2019 has been preferred by the Indian Police Service Central Association for an appropriate order to clarify Judgment and Order dated 5.2.2019, to the extent that the right of the IPS Officers for deputation, in terms of the recruitment rules, in the various CAPF are not impacted merely by grant of Organised Group 'A' Central Services to the CAPF's.

2. We have heard the learned counsel for the respective parties.

3. At the outset, it is required to be noted that the controversy before this Court in the main appeals was with respect to grant of Organised Group 'A' Central Services to the RPF & CAPF's, arising out of the respective judgments and orders passed by the High Court holding that the RPF officers and CAPFs are entitled to grant of Organised Group 'A' Central Services. There was no issue before this Court with respect to any of the rights of the IPS Officers for deputation in CAPF. No observations are made by this Court in the Judgment sought to be clarified with respect to right of the IPS Officers for deputation, in terms of the recruitment rules, if any, in the various CAPFs. Therefore, when the said controversy was not there, there is no question of any clarification as sought by the application. Even otherwise, it is required to be noted that in paragraph 26 in the Judgment and Order sought to be clarified, it is specifically mentioned that by granting Organised Group 'A' Central Services to the RPF (it should be read as CAPF), the rights of the IPS, if any, for their appointment on deputation on some of the posts cannot be said to have affected. Therefore, in view of the specific clarification/observations made in paragraph 26 of Judgment dated 05.02.2019, no further clarification is required. Still, it is observed that while deciding the appeals, this Court has made no observations with respect to the right of the IPS Officers for deputation, in terms of the recruitment rules, if any, as the same was not the controversy and/or issue before this Court and the decision of this Court shall be construed with respect to grant of Organised Group 'A' Central Services only. With this, the present application stands disposed of. All other interlocutory applications are also disposed of accordingly.

.....J.  
[ROHINTON FALI NARIMAN]

NEW DELHI;.....J.

OCTOBER 18, 2019. [M.R. SHAH]

[Accessed on 02-12-2019 from <https://indiankanoon.org/doc/195093402/>]

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**Seeking revision of pension/family pension of pre-2006 pensioners in the wake of apex court verdict dt. 11.7.2019 in Manipur Pensioners Association vs. State of Manipur case No. CA 10857/2016**

**BHARAT PENSIONERS' SAMAJ  
(All India Federation of Pensioner's Association)**

New Delhi-110014  
NO BPS /SG/029

To



The Secretary.  
GOI M/O Personnel PG & Pensions- DOP &PW.

Sub: Revision of pension/family pension of pre-2006 pensioners in the wake of apex court verdict dt. 11.7.2019 in Manipur Pensioners Association vs State of Manipur case No. CA 10857/2016.

Ref: DOP&PW OM No.F.No.38/37/08-P&PW(A) at. 1.9.2008.

Sir,

The DOP&PW notified the rules governing revision of pension/family pension of pre-2006 pensioners/family pensioners vide OM under reference for implementing the recommendations of VI CPC. Two different formulae – one for pre-2006 pensioners/family pensioners and another for post-2006 pensioners/family pensioners – led to discrimination in the quantum of pension payable to the pre and post-2006 pensioners/family pensioners. Representations made against this injustice were rejected on the sole criteria that the pension of pre-2006 pensioners/ family pensioners was fixed on the basis of the concordance table provided by the VI CPC based on a formula that is different from the one followed for the pensioners retired after 31.12.2005. In other words, the pension of pre- 2006 pensioners was fixed without following the principle of fixing notional pay in the new pay scale thereby violating the law established through SC judgement in D.S. Nakara & Others vs Union Of India on 17 December, 1982 Equivalent citations: 1983 AIR 130, 1983 SCR (2) 165 reconfirmed vide CIVIL APPEAL NO. 10857 OF 2016. All Manipur Pensioners Association Appellant by its Secretary Versus The State of Manipur and others.. Respondents. Date of judgement 11.07.2019. Whereas, the principle of fixing notional pay/pay was followed for post-2006 pensioners and this discrimination led to anomaly of less pension for pre-2006 pensioners/family pensioners.

Paradoxically though, the revised PPO issued post-7th CPC indicates the notional pay of pre-2006 pensioners which entitles more pension than what had been paid. This discrimination inflicted on pre-2006 pensioners/family pensioners is held legally not tenable and hence requires to be rectified and their claim for arrears of the short payment settled in the light of the following.

2. Implementation of the recommendations of VI CPC has the dubious distinction of attracting several litigations due to inherent flaws in the recommendations as such, as also the inappropriate interpretation given to some of the recommendations, e.g., apex court had to intervene twice for paying arrears of pension/family pension to pre-2006 pensioners w.e.f. 1.1.2006, the date fixed for giving effect to VI CPC Scales. Furthermore, the formula adopted by the VI CPC, which is different from the policy of parity between pensioners retired in different time frame is nothing but an aberration from the declared policy of successive CPCs right from III CPC onward, including VII CPC. Even the VI CPC's report (vide para 5.1.47) states that "in order to maintain the existing modified parity between present and future retirees it will be necessary to allow the same fitment benefit as is being recommended for the existing Government employees." Yet, finally it ended up in lower rate of pension to pre-2006 pensioners/family pensioners as against post-2006 pensioners. (Fitment benefit for post 2006 was through Grade Pay which in many cases happen to be higher than 40%).

3.1. It is not that the policy of parity between pensioners has been advocated by the successive CPCs; even the judicial pronouncements upheld that view and observed that disparity between pensioners is violative of Article 14 of the Constitution of India. In its judgment in the case of Union of India vs SPS Vains (Retd) & Others (2008) 2 SCC (LS 838) the Supreme Court held that the disparity created within the same class i.e., two officers both retired as Maj. Gen., one prior to 1.1.1996 and other after that date but getting different amounts of pension was arbitrary and that the same also offends Article 14 of the Constitution of India.

3.2. In a recent case (CA10857 of 2016 in Manipur Pensioners Association vs State of Manipur) the Supreme Court has held that ALL THE PENSIONERS, IRRESPECTIVE OF THEIR DATE OF RETIREMENT, VIZ., PRE-1996 RETIREES SHALL BE ENTITLED TO REVISION IN PENSION AT PAR WITH THOSE PENSIONERS WHO RETIRED POST-1996. This decision has been given on an appeal by the Manipur Pensioners Association against the decision of the Division Bench of the H.C. setting aside the verdict of the single judge bench that allowed parity between the pre-1996 and post-1996

pensioners as demanded by the said Association. The judgment of the single judge bench is in accordance with the judgment of a Constitution Bench of 5 judges in D.S.Nakara case, in which para 46 says that "revised pay scales are introduced from a certain date. All existing employees are brought on to the revised scale of pay by adopting a theory of fitments and increments for past service. In other words, benefit of revised scale is not limited to those who are in service or who enter service subsequent to the date fixed for introducing revised scales, but the benefit is extended to all those who were in service prior to that date. This is just and fair". This verdict is not diluted by the Supreme Court in its subsequent judgements so far.

3.3 During the trial in the Supreme Court the respondent (Manipur State) claimed that the decision of the apex court in D.S. Nakara case is one of limited application and there is no scope for enlarging the ambit of their decision to cover all schemes including identical amount of pension irrespective of the date of retirement and in support of its stand quoted the decisions/observations of the apex court in similar cases such as (1) Indian Ex-Services League vs U.O.1, (2) Kallakkurichi Tk. Retd. Officials Association vs Tamil Nadu State and some more cases. However, the apex court rejected all those issues as 'none of the judgments relied upon by the respondent (Manipur State) has any bearing to the controversy on hand'. On the other hand, the court extensively quoted its own observations/ decisions given in the matter of D.S. Nakara & others vs Union of India and even verbatim reproduced paras 42 and 65 of the judgment in the said case and concluded that the controversy/issue in the appeal filed by Manipur Pensioners Association is squarely covered by the decision of the apex court.

4. Moreover, there is similarity between the two cases – one adjudicated by the apex court in the Manipur Pensioners Association vs State of Manipur referred to above and the ground attributed by the Govt. of India for rejecting the demand of pre-2006 pensioners for parity with post-2006 pensioners. The State of Manipur's ground for rejecting the claim for parity between pre and post 1996 pensioners was constraint of financial resource with the State while it was 'recommendation of VI CPC' that recommended different criteria for pre and post 2006 pensioners.

5. Rejecting the claim for parity in pension between pre and post-2006 pensioners was attributed to the Govt. decision based on the recommendation of CPC. In this regard it is worthwhile to recall that recommendations of CPCs are recommendatory and not binding on the Govt. but can be rejected, modified or accepted in toto, while the decision of the Govt. is not always appropriate whereas the verdict/ruling in the matter adjudicated by the courts of law is considered final and holds the ground, as narrated in the preceding paras.

6. Pensioners are a homogeneous class and dividing them into pre and post particular cutoff date violates the norms laid by the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Hence, we request the DOP&PW to issue suitable modified instructions keeping in view the verdict of the apex court so that the long pending demand of pre-2006 pensioners/family pensioners is settled without losing further time.

Thanking you

Yours truly,

Sd/-

S C Maheshwari

Secy Genl Bharat Pensioners Samaj.

Copy to Ms. Seema Gupta, Director (PW) GOI M/O Personnel PG & Pensions- DOP & PW New Delhi.

[Accessed on 02.12.2019 from <https://www.gconnect.in/orders-in-brief/pension/pension-pre-2006-pensioners-supreme-court.html>]

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**Department of Expenditure has issued another clarification regarding  
Date of Next Increment in 7th CPC to clear the doubts in granting of Increment**

**No. 4-21/2017-IC/E.IIIA**

**Government of India**

**Ministry of Finance**

**Department of Expenditure**

North Block, New Delhi-110001

Dated the 28th November, 2019

**OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

**Subject: Date of next increment under Rule 10 of Central Civil Services (Revised Pay) Rules, 2016- Clarifications regarding.**

**Nov.-Dec. 2019**

The undersigned is directed to invite the attention to Rule 10 of the CCS (RP) Rules, 2016 which provides for the entitlement of employees for drawal of annual increment either on 1st January or 1st July depending on the date of appointment, promotion or grant of financial upgradation. The Sub-Rule (2) thereof provides that increment in respect of an employee appointed or promoted or granted financial upgradation including up-gradation under Modified Assured Career Progression Scheme (MACPS) during the period between the 2nd day of January and 1st day of July (both inclusive) shall be granted on 1st day of January and the increment in respect of an employee appointed or promoted or granted financial upgradation under MACPS during the period between the 2nd day of July and 1st day of January (both inclusive) shall be granted on 1st day of July.

2. A number of references were received in the Ministry of Finance seeking clarifications regarding drawal of next increment by the employees promoted on 1st July, 2016. On consideration of the matter, Department of Expenditure vide its Office Memorandum of even number dated 31.07.2018 has clarified that in case an employee is promoted or granted financial up-gradation including up-gradation under the MACP scheme on 1st January or 1st July, where the pay is fixed in the the post on which promotion is made in accordance with the Rule 13 of the CCS (RP) Rules, 2016, the first increment in the Level applicable to the post on which promotion is made shall accrue on the following 1st July or 1st January, as the case may be, provided a period of 6 months qualifying service is strictly fulfilled. The next increment thereafter shall, however, accrue only after completion of one year.

3. Consequent upon issue of Office Memorandum dated 31.07.2018 different Ministries/ Departments have sought clarification on applicability of DOE's O.M dated 31.07.2018 keeping in view the provisions of Rule 10 of CCS (RP) Rules 2016, Rule 22(1)(a)(1) of Fundamental Rules & provisions of Stepping up of pay. The issues on which various Ministries/Departments have sought clarifications and decisions thereon are brought in the succeeding paragraphs.

4. During the regime of 6th CPC, when the annual increment was admissible uniformly on 1st July every year, employees completing 6 months and above in the revised pay structure as on 1st July were eligible for grant of increment. In the 7th" CPC regime there are two dates of increments 1st January and 1st July. Keeping in view the spirit of 6th CPC, O.M dated 31.07.2018 was issued providing for accrual of next increment on 1st July/1st January in respect of employees getting promotion on 1st January/1st July provided 6 months qualifying service is strictly fulfilled.

5. The instructions contained in the O.M. dated 31.07.2018 are self-explanatory in respect of the cases of promotion/financial up-gradation falling on 1st July or 1st January. These instructions provide that in case of promotion/financial up gradation on 1st July and 1st January and getting fixation of pay in the Level applicable to the post in which promotion is made in accordance with Rule 13 of the CCS (RP) Rules 2016, the first increment in the level in which promotion is made shall accrue on the following 1st January or 1st July, as the case may be, provided a period of 6 months' qualifying service is fulfilled.

**6. The opportunity to exercise of option for pay fixation under FR 22(1)(a)(1) is available to employees in case of promotion/financial up-gradation. Therefore, the Central Government Employee promoted on regular basis/granted financial up gradation on any date other than the date of his/her annual increment in lower grade and exercises the option under FR 22(1)(a)(1) read with Department of Personnel & Training's OM No.13/02/2017-Estt.(Pay-I) dated 27.07.2017 for fixation of pay from the date of accrual of next increment in the scale of pay in lower grade, he may be allowed the 1st increment in promotional grade on 1st January/ 1st July as the case may be after completion of 6 months' qualifying service after such fixation on 1st July/1st January (i.e., the date of increment in lower grade) on the analogy of Department of Expenditure's OM dated 31.07.2018. The next increment, thereafter, shall however, accrue only after completion of one year.**

7. Since there is material change, it has also been approved that the employees who have been regularly promoted or granted financial up-gradation on or after 01.01.2016 and desire to exercise/re-exercise option for pay fixation under FR22(1)(a)(1) shall be given an opportunity to exercise or re-exercise of the options there under. Such an option shall be exercised within one month of issue of this O.M.

8. These instructions will be applicable with effect from 01.01.2016.

9. In so far as persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department are concerned, these orders issue after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

10. Hindi version of these orders is attached.

(B.K.Manthan)

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India

[Accessed on 14.12.2019 from <https://www.gservants.com/2019/11/29/date-of-next-increment-clarification-dated-28-11-2019/23560/>]

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### **Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions Eradication of Corruption**

**Posted On: 04 DEC 2019 4:17PM by PIB Delhi**

The Government of India is committed to “Zero Tolerance against Corruption” and has taken several measures to combat corruption and improve probity and accountability of Government institutions. The steps taken by the Central Government, inter alia, include:-

- I. Systemic improvements and reforms to provide transparent citizen-friendly services and reduce corruption. These, inter alia, include:
  - a. Disbursement of welfare benefits directly to the citizens under various schemes of the Government in a transparent manner through the Direct Benefit Transfer initiative.
  - b. Implementation of E-tendering in public procurements.
  - c. Introduction of e-Governance and simplification of procedure and systems
  - d. Introduction of Government procurement through the Government e-Marketplace (GeM)
  - e. An online “Probity Portal” operationalised since 2017 under which various Ministries/Departments, autonomous organizations and public sector banks etc. enter information regarding review under FR 56(j), cases for sanction for prosecution, implementation of rotational transfer policy and disciplinary proceedings etc.
- II. Discontinuation of interviews in recruitment of Group ‘B’ (Non-Gazetted) and Group ‘C’ posts in Government of India.
- III. Invocation of FR-56(j) and AIS (DCRB) Rules, 1958 for prematurely retiring officials whose performance has been reviewed and found unsatisfactory.
- IV. The All India Services (Disciplinary and Appeal) Rules and Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules have been amended to provide strict timelines in the procedure related to disciplinary proceedings.
- V. The Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988 has been amended on 26.07.2018 to bring a paradigm shift in tackling corruption in as much as clearly criminalizing the act of giving bribe, checking big ticket corruption by creating a vicarious liability in respect of senior management of commercial organizations where the act of giving of bribe is with their consent or connivance.
- VI. Issue of instructions by the Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) asking the organizations to adopt Integrity Pact in major procurement activities and to ensure effective and expeditious investigation wherever any irregularity/misconduct is noticed.
- VII. The institution of Lokpal has been operationalised by appointment of a Chairperson and eight Members, including four judicial Members. Lokpal is statutorily mandated to directly receive and independently process complaints as regards alleged offences against public servants under the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988.

In addition, the CVC, as an apex integrity institution, has adopted a multi-pronged strategy and approach to combat corruption, which encompasses punitive, preventive and participative vigilance.

This Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions has taken several measures to help people to ensure access to relevant information. These, inter alia, include:

- I. Enactment of Right to Information (RTI) Act, 2005 to set out practical regime of right of information for citizens to secure access to information under the control of Public Authorities.
- II. Launching of a web portal namely RTI online with URL [www.rtionline.gov.in](http://www.rtionline.gov.in) for all Central Ministries/ Departments/CPSUs for making it convenient for citizens to file RTI requests and first appeals online.
- III. Guidelines Issued on suo moto disclosure of information by Public Authorities.

- IV. Providing funds to various State Governments for establishing helpline in order to facilitate obtaining of the information by the RTI applicants. Funds are also provided each year to various State Administrative Training Institutes (ATIs) by the Government to generate awareness among the citizens through measures like Distance learning programmes and Online Certificate Course in regional languages, publishing of handbooks on RTI and distribution of the same among the public.

This information was provided by the Union Minister of State (Independent Charge) Development of North-Eastern Region (DoNER), MoS PMO, Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions, Atomic Energy and Space, Dr Jitendra Singh in written reply to a question in Lok Sabha today.

[Accessed on 14/12/2019 from <https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaseDetail.aspx?PRID=1594893>]  
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### **Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions Redressal of Complaints**

**Posted On: 04 DEC 2019 4:16PM by PIB Delhi**

The Department of Administrative Reforms and Public Grievances have issued guidelines which provides that a grievance should be redressed within a period of maximum of two months of its receipt. If finalization of a decision on a particular grievance is anticipated to take longer than two months, an interim reply should invariably be sent. These guidelines are also available on [pgportal.gov.in](http://pgportal.gov.in). Further Review meetings are being held on regular basis with the Central Ministries/Departments/State Governments/Union Territories for monitoring the pendency of public grievances on the Centralized Public Grievance Redress And Monitoring System [CPGRAMS].

This information was provided by the Union Minister of State (Independent Charge) Development of North-Eastern Region (DoNER), MoS PMO, Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions, Atomic Energy and Space, Dr Jitendra Singh in written reply to a question in Lok Sabha today.

[Accessed on 14/12/2019 from <https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaseDetail.aspx?PRID=1594891>]  
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### **Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Medical benefits to dependent parents of employees**

**Posted On: 13 DEC 2019 12:47PM by PIB Delhi**

For availing of medical facilities under Central Government Health Scheme (CGHS), parents are deemed to be dependent on the Central Government employee if they are normally residing with the employee and their monthly income from all sources including pension/ family pension does not exceed Rs. 9,000 plus the amount of Dearness Relief thereon. This condition of dependency is applicable to Pensioners of State Government(s) as well.

Regarding any scheme for providing medical facility to the dependent parents of employees of private sector, The Employees' State Insurance (ESI) Act, 1948 read with ESI (Central) Rule, 1950 provides for medical benefits to the dependent parents of the Insured person i.e. an employee who works in a factory/ establishment having 10 or more workers & registered under the said Act and drawing salary less than Rs. 21,000 per month (Rs. 25,000 in case of persons with disability). Income limit for dependency of parents from all sources is Rs. 9,000 per month. The ESI Act is not applicable to Central Government employees and their dependents.

The Minister of State (Health and Family Welfare), Sh Ashwini Kumar Choubey stated this in a written reply in the Lok Sabha here today.

[Accessed on 14.12.2019 from <https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaseDetail.aspx?PRID=1596307>]  
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### **Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Online Selling of Medicines without Qualification**

**Posted On: 13 DEC 2019 12:50PM by PIB Delhi**

Sale of drugs in the country is regulated under the provisions of Drugs & Cosmetics Act, 1940 and Rules, 1945 thereunder by the State Licensing Authorities (SLAs) through a system of licensing and inspection. SLAs are legally empowered to take stringent action against violation of provisions of the Act and Rules. It has been noted that there are certain online portals selling medicines. Some concerns have been raised by certain stakeholders against online sale of medicines. In order to regulate the online sale of medicines comprehensively, the Government has published draft rules vide G.S.R. 817 (E) dated 28th August 2018 for inviting comments from public/stakeholders for amendment to the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945 for incorporating provisions relating to regulation of sale and distribution of drugs through e-pharmacy.

The draft rules contain provisions for registration of e-pharmacy, periodic inspection of e-pharmacy, procedure for distribution or sale of drugs through e-pharmacy, prohibition of advertisement of drugs through e-pharmacy, complaint redressal mechanism, monitoring of e-pharmacy, etc.

The Minister of State (Health and Family Welfare), Sh Ashwini Kumar Choubey stated this in a written reply in the Lok Sabha here today.

[Accessed on 124.12.2019 from <https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaseDetail.aspx?PRID=1596311>]  
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### 1. Income Tax Slab Rate for AY 2020-21 for Individuals:

1.1 Individual (resident or non-resident), who is of the age of less than 60 years on the last day of the relevant previous year:

#### 1. Income Tax Slab Rate for AY 2020-21 for Individuals:

*1.1 Individual (resident or non-resident), who is of the age of less than 60 years on the last day of the relevant previous year:*

Net income range	Income-Tax rate
Up to Rs. 2,50,000	Nil
Rs. 2,50,000- Rs. 5,00,000	5%
Rs. 5,00,000- Rs. 10,00,000	20%
Above Rs. 10,00,000	30%

*1.2 Resident senior citizen, i.e., every individual, being a resident in India, who is of the age of 60 years or more but less than 80 years at any time during the previous year:*

Net income range	Income-Tax rate
Up to Rs. 3,00,000	Nil
Rs. 3,00,000 – Rs. 5,00,000	5%
Rs. 5,00,000- Rs. 10,00,000	20%
Above Rs. 10,00,000	30%

*1.3 Resident super senior citizen, i.e., every individual, being a resident in India, who is of the age of 80 years or more at any time during the previous year:*

Net income range	Income-Tax rate
Up to Rs. 5,00,000	Nil
Rs. 5,00,000- Rs. 10,00,000	20%
Above Rs. 10,00,000	30%

*Plus: -*

*Surcharge: - 10% of income tax where total income exceeds Rs. 50,00,000.  
15% of income tax where total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,00,000.*

*Health and Education cess: - 4% of income tax and surcharge.*

*Note: - A resident individual is entitled for rebate under section 87A if his total income does not exceed Rs. 5,00,000. The amount of rebate shall be 100% of income-tax or Rs. 12,500, whichever is less.*

[Accessed on 14/12/20189 from <https://www.taxmann.com/blogpost/2000001773/tax-rates-income-tax-slab-for-ay-2020-21.aspx>]

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### **BLOOD PRESSURE (INTRODUCTION)**

By the term BLOOD PRESSURE people are inclined to think of a serious disease of modern civilization. Blood pressure does not, in the strict sense of the term, mean a disease at all. It is essential for life, and every living man or woman carries some degree of blood pressure.

In certain pathological states the blood pressure rises above the normal figure, sometimes reaching such heights as to become a source of imminent danger to life. This raised blood pressure is not a disease by itself, but a sign or manifestation of a pathological process but a measurable external index of an internal malady.

The pressure which the blood exerts on the wall of the vessels is called BLOOD PRESSURE. The maximum pressure of blood in an artery is called Systolic Pressure. The minimum pressure in an artery is called Diastolic Pressure. The difference between the maximum and minimum pressure is known as the Pulse Pressure. It is the Pulse Pressure which keeps the blood moving constantly. The blood pressure is recorded by the Sphygmomanometer.



### **HYPERTENSION (HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE)**

When the Systolic Pressure remains constantly above the upper limits of the normal for the age of Individual, this is termed as "Hypertension". The systolic pressure of an individual may rise quite high in some circumstances due to stress, etc., but so long as it is temporary it should not be considered as Hypertension. It is the continued elevation of the systolic pressure above the normal limit, which should be considered as Hypertension.

#### **Causes of Hypertension**

**Heredity** – Heredity plays an important role in its causation. If both the parents have high blood pressure, rarely the progeny escapes.

**AGE** - Hypertension is mostly found in people after the age of forty. But younger people do also suffer from Hypertension.

**Over-Weight and Obesity** – More cases of Hypertension are found in the overweight and obese individuals, than in thin and under-weight people.

**Mental States** - People, who are unfortunately so placed in life as to suffer from continual anxiety or worry for many years, tend to suffer from hypertension.

#### **Symptoms of Hypertension**

Symptoms do not appear as soon as the pressure tends to rise. For some years, there has been a gradual increase of the pressure, of which the patient may not be aware. Often patients have no complaints, before a physician tells them about high blood pressure. When the pressure reaches the limit of the patient's tolerance, symptoms begin to appear. The nervous symptoms appear first, which are noticed either by the patient himself, or by his friends. Irritability of temper, nervousness, change of disposition, inability to concentrate the mind, throbbing headache, insomnia and giddiness are some of the common initial symptoms.

#### **Treatment**

There are numerous medicines but a few most important medicines are given :-  
Belladonna, Glonoine, Kali phos, Nat Mur, in 30th potency three times a day.

Allum Sativa Q, Crataegus Oxy Q, Rauvolfia Serpentina Q, 15-20 drops in water thrice a day.

The table below gives normal Blood Pressure in healthy adults:

Age	Dios	Sys
20	78	118
30	82	122
40	84	127
50	90	133
60	92	143
65 & above	95	148

Medicine should be taken on the advice of Homoeo Physician:

Dr. H.S. Gheek  
Homoeo Physician  
Regn. No. Pb. Hom. C. 3725-B, C.C. Hom. 497-4169 (Part-II)  
Mobile No. 9815759771

\*\*\*\*\*

### Clarification of Fixed Medical Allowance (FMA) – CPAO

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**  
**MINISTRY OF FINANCE DEPARTMENT OF EXPENDITURE CENTRAL PENSION ACCOUNTING**  
**OFFICE TRIKOOT-II, BHIKAJI CAMA PLACE, NEW DELHI-110066**  
**CPAO/ IT&Tech/Revision (7th CPC)/ 19.Vol-III( E)/2019-20/66 05.08.2019**

Office Memorandum

Subject: - Clarification of Fixed Medical Allowance (FMA).

Attention is invited to D P&PW OM No. 4/ 02/ 2019-P&PW (D)/42694 dated-1st July, 2 019 wherein it is mentioned that the pensioners may be allowed FMA w.e.f. the date of application for FMA, if FMA otherwise admissible to them.

Instructions issued by the OM ibid is reproduced as under:-

SL No	Issue	Comments of DoPPW
1.	Whether the effective date of payment of FMA in respect of the pensioners who retired before 01.12.1997 is the date of retirement or the date of submission of application.	The order were issued vide this Department's OM No. 45/57/97-P&PW (C) dated-19.12.1997 wherein FMA was granted. The existing pensioners had to opt for medical allowance and an undertaking was required to be submitted by the claimant. Hence, the orders are being implemented from 01.12.1997. If a person has retired earlier and has opted for the FMA and given undertaking at the time of issue of OM, then the FMA should be paid from 01.12.1997. After 19.12.1997, several further orders/ clarifications were issued regarding Fixed Medical Allowance (FMA). Therefore, it is difficult to accept that the pensioner was not aware of the admissibility of the FMA w.e.f. 01.12.1997. In view of this, those pensioners who retired before 01.12.1997 and did not exercise the option for FMA immediately after the issue of OM dated- 19.12.1997 would not be entitled to FMA w.e.f. 01.12.1997. However, they may be allowed FMA w.e.f. the date of application for FMA, if FMA otherwise admissible to them.
2.	Whether the effective date of payment of FMA in respect of the pensioners who retired after 01.12.1997 is 01.12.1997 i.e. date of implementation of order or the date of submission of the application by the pensioner.	In the OM dated-19.12.1997, it has been mentioned that in case of future retirees, the option shall be obtained by the Head of Office alongwith the pension papers and in case the retiree opts for medical allowance, the FMA is payable from the following month after the date of superannuation. If the retiree opts later on or gives his option later, then the FMA is to be given from the date of application. After 19.12.1997, several further orders/clarifications were issued regarding Fixed Medical Allowance (FMA). Therefore, it is difficult to accept that the retiree/ pensioner was not aware of the admissibility of



		the FMA. In case of retirees/ pensioners who retired after 01.12.1997 did not exercise the option for FMA immediately on retirement, the FMA would not be admissible to them from the date of the month following the month of retirement. However, they may be allowed FMA w.e.f. the date of application for FMA, if FMA otherwise admissible to them.
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All Pr. CCAs/CCAs/CAs/ AGs/ Administrators of UTs and Heads of CPPCs of the authorized banks are requested to intimate the concerned to abide by the instructions issued by D P&PW. This issues with the approval of Chief Controller (Pension).

Sd/  
(Praful Dabral)  
Sr. Accounts Officer (IT & Tech)

[Accessed on 26-12-201 from <https://www.govtempdiary.com/2019/08/clarification-of-fixed-medical-allowance-fma-cpa0/58059>]  
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**No.Z-15025/11/2015-Dir(CGHS)**  
**Government of India Ministry of Health & Family Welfare**

Nirman Bhavan, New Delhi.  
Dated, the 10th July, 2015.

**OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

As you are aware, CGHS is in the process of introducing web-based services for its members. In this context, it is necessary to link AADHAAR number with the CGHS Beneficiary IDs of all beneficiaries before such services can be launched.

**2. The procedure for doing so is as follows:**

- (I) Through CMO-in-charge's Module – Beneficiary can visit CMO-in- charge of his dispensary with AADHAAR Card to get his family members AADHAAR registered.
- (II) Registration of AADHAAR number by beneficiary himself -

**Following step to be followed:**

- a. Log on to [cghs.nic.in](http://cghs.nic.in)
  - b. Click – 'Click here to view beneficiary details'
  - c. Click 'login with Ben Id'
  - d. To get password click – 'Generate Password'
  - e. Enter details and a password will be sent on the registered mobile phone no. of the beneficiary
  - f. Enter Ben Id and Password an sign in
  - g. Click- 'update AADHAAR number'
  - h. Enter AADHAAR number for all family members and save.
- 3. This is an important initiative and is being monitored as a part of PRAGATI. It is, therefore, requested that all employees of the Ministries/ Department may be motivated to seed their AADHAAR numbers through either of the modes mentioned above.**
- 4. Cooperation of all Ministries/ Departments in this regard would be highly appreciated.**

Sd/  
(N.S. Kang)  
Additional Secretary & DG, CGHS  
All Ministries/Departments

[Accessed on 20.12.2019 from <https://www.gconnect.in/orders-in-brief/cghs/linking-aadhaar-with-cghs-card.html>]  
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**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**  
**MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**  
**CGHS Centre No 1, Sector 45 Chandigarh**

**No/CMO/CGHS WC-1/Advisory committee/Minutes/3119**

**Dt-14.12.2019**

Minutes of the Meeting of Advisory committee held on 14.12.2019 in CGHS Wellness centre No. 1 Sector 45 Chandigarh.

The meeting of CGHS Advisory Committee was held at 9.30 am on 14.12.2019 and was presided over by Dr.(Mrs) Sunita Chaudhary, senior CMO (SAG) I/C C.G.H.S Wellness centre, Sector 45 ,Chandigarh and attended by following members:-

1. Sh. M.L PANGHOTRA, IA&AD Pensioners welfare Association Chandigarh(Mob. 9217912203)
2. Sh JASPAL SINGH, President DAPWA Chandigarh (Mob. 9815226310)

3. Sh. MS Toor , Comdt. P.M.F Retd. CGPW Society (Mob. 9876111633)
4. Sh. Vineet Goyal, Rep. Jai Ambika Medicos, ALC, SCO 361 , Sector 32 Chandigarh(Mob.9988637709)
5. Sh. D.D. Sharma ,survey of India, Rep of serving employees Chandigarh . (Mob.:9417184124) .

**Welcome Address :**

Dr. (Mrs.) Sunita Chaudhary, senior CMO (SAG) in-charge CGHS Wellness Centre No. 1 welcomed the members of the Advisory committee.

**Amenities to beneficiaries ;**

No proposal for offering of alternative premises to CGHS has been received from the Chandigarh administration.

**MRC Status/ Pendency of claims :**

The bills of MRC has been cleared up to Nov 2019 but the payment has been made up to March 2019.

**Performance of Local Chemist :**

Sh. Vineet Goyal Representative of Jai Ambika Medicos said in the Advisory Committee meeting that his some bills are still outstanding for payment by CGHS which makes him difficult to supply the medicines smoothly. The CMO I/C said the payment of bill does not come under her domain. So, She advised to approach the Additional Director CGHS for this point.

**Availability of Drugs in Wellness Centre :**

As per records there are 255 Generic items and 25 proprietary items available in Wellness Centre.

**Staff Punctuality & Behavior :**

The conduct and behavior of the staff of the wellness centre has been good. They are courteous and helpful to the senior/ aged CGHS beneficiaries.

**Cleanliness & Maintenance of Wellness Centre :**

Under the prevailing circumstances, the upkeep of the premises is appreciable.

**Suggestion/ Grievance Redressal :**

The suggestion/complaint box was opened by Sh. M.L Panghotra and found one communication From Sh. Satpal Singh Ben. ID No 3258080

Sh. Singh complained about the behavior of Dr. Sonia on 21-10-2019 when he visited the wellness centre. However, Sh. Satpal Singh was told that Dr. Sonia was advised to be cordial with the patient who comes to wellness centre for his treatment.

Secondly, he complained the medicine prescribed by the specialist was not issued to him by the CGHS dispensary. It was observed that the medicine prescribed by the specialist was not issued to him by the CGHS dispensary. It was observed that the medicine prescribed by the specialist was a supplement which cannot be issued to the patient by the wellness centre.

Furthermore, he suggested some amendment in the M. R. C. status report which is received from the additional Director CGHS. Hence, it was decided to raise this point with the Additional Director CGHS in the forthcoming meeting him.

The meeting ended with the vote of thanks.

**Dr. (Mrs.) Sunita Chaudhary  
Senior CMO (SAG) I/C  
CGHS Wellness Centre No. 1  
Sector, 45 Chandigarh.**

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Meeting of Management Committee of CCCGPA Chandigarh was held on 28-11-2019 and approved revision of rates of subscription of co-cordianator revision since January 2020			
	<b>Yearly</b>	<b>5 Years</b>	<b>Life</b>
<b>Old Rate</b>	<b>200/-</b>	<b>800/-</b>	<b>1500/-</b>
<b>New Rate</b>	<b>250/-</b>	<b>1000/-</b>	<b>2000/-</b>

**Attention**

1. Your subscription period expires after .....
2. Pay your subscription immediately for renewal.
3. Subscription to be remitted through crossed cheque in favour of CCCGPA, Chandigarh or Cash/Money order in the name of the undersigned.
4. Subscription of Rs..... received vide receipt No ..... dated ..... for the period from ..... to .....
5. Write your Folio No. and Contact No. on the back side of the crossed cheque/draft.

R.N. Mehta

# 2536, Sector 40-C, Chandigarh, Mob.: 9815644693

# GLIMPSES OF PENSIONERS DAY CELEBRATION BY CCCGPA CHANDIGARH



G S Bhangoo		5 sector 10, Chandigarh-	PATRON		
M. L. Panghotra		1148, Sector 60, Mohali	Ph: 0172-2743636		<b>Stamp</b>
			Ph: 4673147/9217912203		
ADVISORS					
Joginder Singh:	686 sector 40A, Chandigarh		2688686/9417008686	jsingh1942@gmail.com	
G S Bains:	206 Phase 6, Mohali		9041451995	lawsolutions@gmail.com	
PS Bedi DIG (Retd)	2186 Sector 35-C, Chandigarh		2604002/9464835350	psbedi03@yahoo.co.in	
Pyara Singh:	3178 sector 50-C, Chandigarh		2673498		
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ALL INDIA CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR DA / DR (Base year 2001= 100)											
Month	Dec, 18	Jan, 19	Feb, 19	Mar, 19	April 19	May, 19	June, 19	Jul, 19	Aug, 19	Sep, 19	Oct, 19
AICPIN	301	307	307	309	312	314	316	319	320	322	325
Total 12 months	3538	3357	3557	3599	3623	3648	3673	3691	3710	3731	3754
Yearly average	294.83	296.41	298.08	299.92	301./91	304	306.08	307.52	309.16	310.91	312.83
% Over 261.41	12.78	13.39	14.02	14.73	15.51	16.29	17.09	17.66	18.26	18.93	19.67
DA/DR wef 01 July,2019 – 17% Expected DA/DR w.e.f January 2020 @ 21%											

If undelivered please return to:  
Executive Editor Pensioners Coordinator  
# 2536, Sector 40-C, Chandigarh

### CGHS CONTACT NUMBERS

CGHS, New Delhi :  
Help line : 1800-2088900  
E mail: helpline-cghs@nic.in  
Add Director, CGHS, Chandigarh  
Kendriya Sadan (4<sup>th</sup> Floor)  
Sector 9 A, Chandigarh:  
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